

NEW

RIEGL VUX-160²³

- **laser pulse repetition rate up to 2.4 MHz**
- **measurement rate up to 2,000,000 meas./sec**
- **scan speed up to 400 lines/second**
- **operating flight altitude up to 900 m / 2,950 ft**
- **Field of View up to 100°**
- **compact & lightweight (2.65 kg / 5.8 lbs)**
- **Nadir/Forward/Backward Scanning for unrivaled completeness of scan data even on vertical structures and narrow canyons**
- **cutting edge RIEGL technology providing:**
 - **echo signal digitization**
 - **multiple target capability**
 - **online waveform processing**
 - **multiple-time-around processing**
- **easily mountable to unmanned platforms (UAVs) and small manned aircraft**
- **mechanical and electrical interface for INS/GNSS integration**
- **interfaces for up to 5 external cameras**
- **scan data storage on internal SSD Memory**
- **removeable CFAST® memory card**

The new **RIEGL VUX-160²³** is a lightweight and versatile airborne laser scanner offering a wide field of view of 100 degrees and an extremely high pulse repetition rate of up to 2.4 MHz. Thus, it is perfectly suited for high point density corridor mapping applications.

The measuring beam of the **RIEGL VUX-160²³** is consecutively emitted in three different directions: it alternates from strictly nadir, to +10 degrees forward, and to -10 degrees backward. This allows data acquisition with an unrivaled completeness in data capture, especially in challenging environments with vertical surfaces and narrow canyons.

The scanner provides an internal data storage capacity of 1 TByte and a removeable CFAST card and is equipped with interfaces for integration of an external INS/GNSS system. Additionally, interfaces for up to five optional external cameras are available.

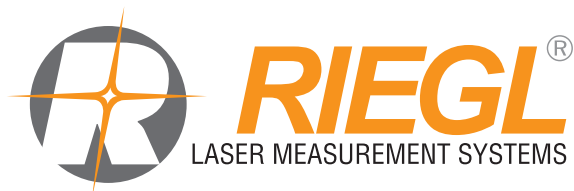
The sophisticated design of the **RIEGL VUX-160²³** allows smooth integration on UAS/UAV/RPAS, small manned aeroplanes (like gyrocopters), but also on helicopters. It is offered both, as stand-alone UAV LiDAR sensor and also in various fully-integrated UAV-based laser scanning system configurations with appropriate INS/GNSS system and optional cameras. This allows the scanner to perfectly meet all the specific requirements of the customers' applications.

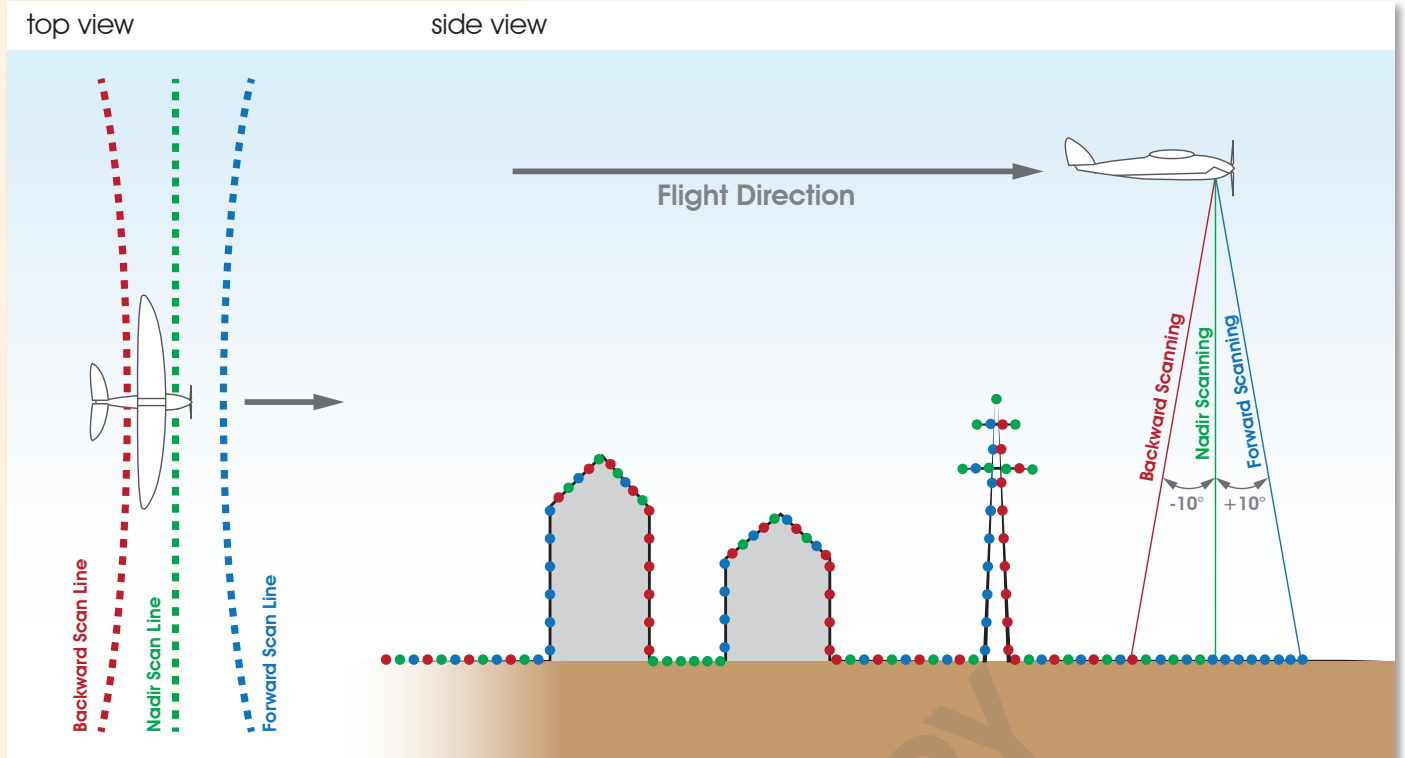
Typical applications include

- **Corridor Mapping: Power Line, Railway Track and Pipeline Inspection**
- **Topography in Open-Cast Mining**
- **Surveying of Urban Environments**
- **Archeology and Cultural Heritage Documentation**
- **Agriculture & Forestry**



visit our website
www.riegl.com

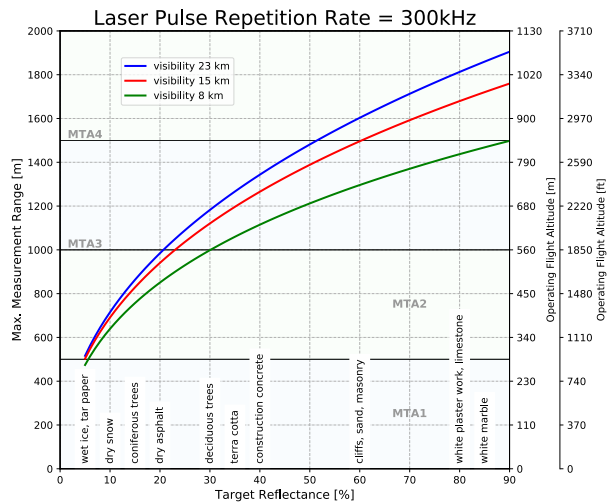




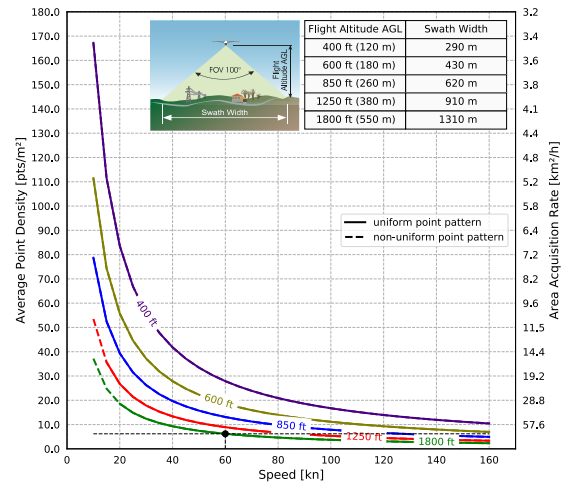
Field of View	± 50° (100°)
Forward/Backward Scan Angle in Swath Center	± 10°
Forward/Backward Scan Angle at Swath Edges	± 15°

The RIEGL VUX-160²³ offers a sophisticated scan pattern consisting of scan lines with periodically changing directions. The scan directions in the center of the scan lines change consecutively from strictly nadir, to +10 degrees forward, and to -10 degrees backward. This scan pattern provides an almost complete 3D data set, as also vertical surfaces like the facades of buildings and objects (e.g. masts and poles) are accurately sampled by laser range measurements. In addition, the nadir direction enables the reliable data acquisition down to the bottom of narrow canyons.

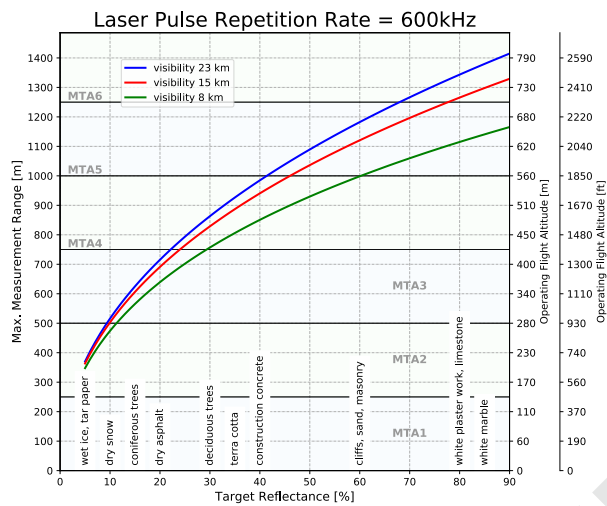




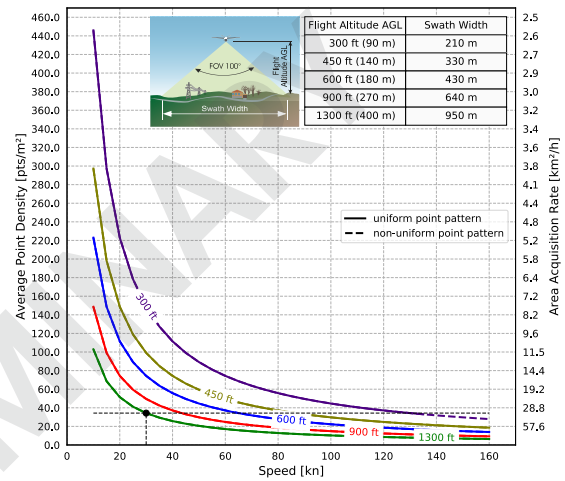
Operating Flight Altitude AGL given for the following conditions:
FOV 100°; ambiguity resolved by multiple-time-around (MTA) processing,
average ambient brightness, target size \geq laser footprint, roll angle $\pm 5^\circ$



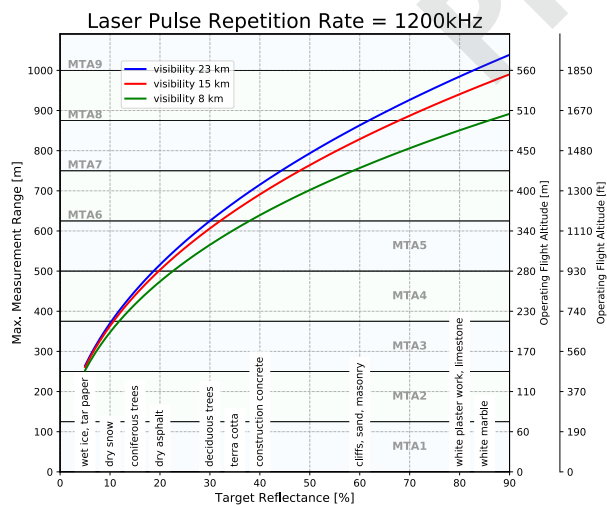
Example: VUX-160²³ at 300,000 pulses/sec, laser power level 100%
Altitude = 1,800 ft AGL, Speed 60 kn, resulting point density ~ 6.2 pts/m²



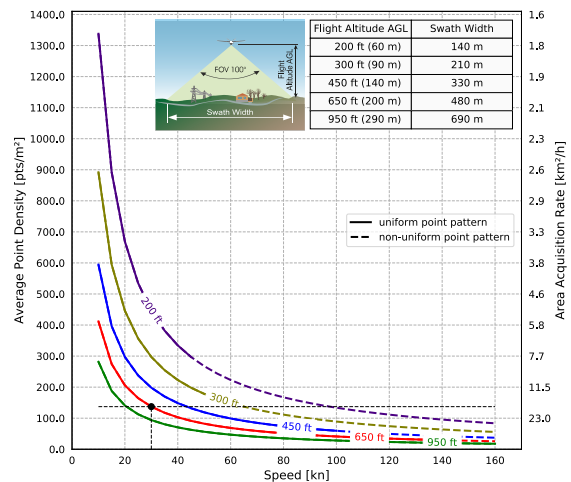
Operating Flight Altitude AGL given for the following conditions:
FOV 100°; ambiguity resolved by multiple-time-around (MTA) processing,
average ambient brightness, target size \geq laser footprint, roll angle $\pm 5^\circ$



Example: VUX-160²³ at 600,000 pulses/sec, laser power level 100%
Altitude = 1,300 ft AGL, Speed 30 kn, resulting point density ~ 34 pts/m²

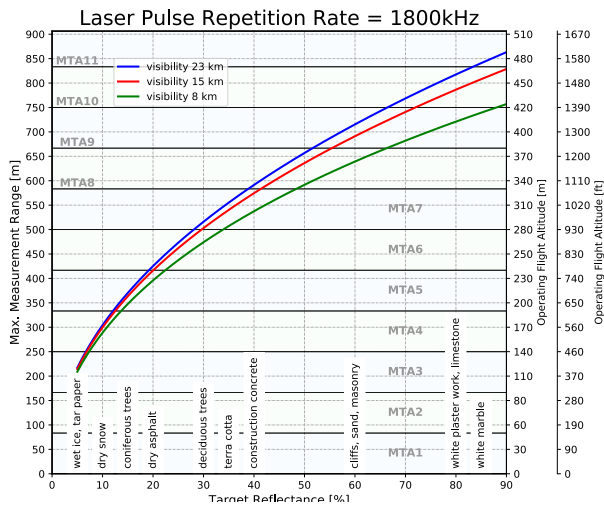


Operating Flight Altitude AGL given for the following conditions:
FOV 100°; ambiguity resolved by multiple-time-around (MTA) processing,
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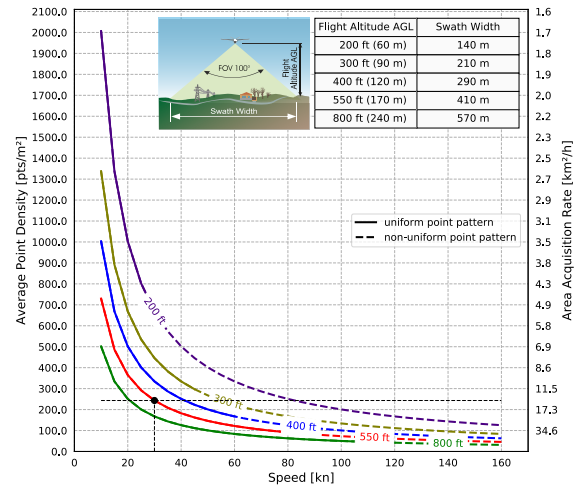


Example: VUX-160²³ at 1,200,000 pulses/sec, laser power level 100%
Altitude = 650 ft AGL, Speed 30 kn, resulting point density ~ 137 pts/m²

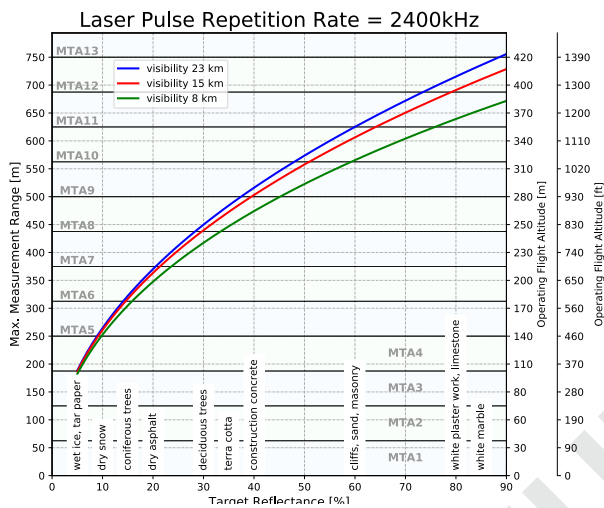
Maximum Measurement Range & Point Density *RIEGL VUX[®]-160*²³



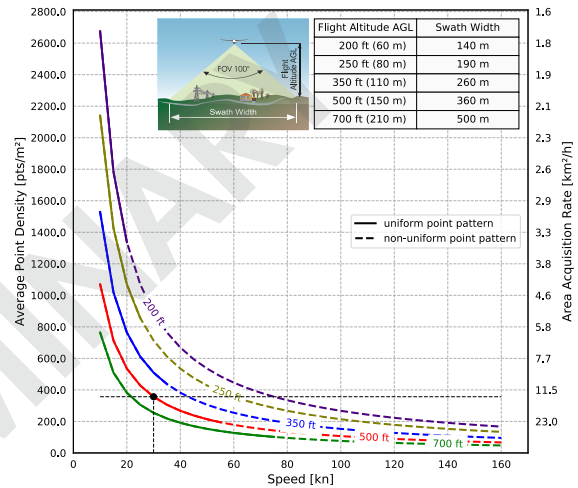
Operating Flight Altitude AGL given for the following conditions:
FOV 100°, ambiguity resolved by multiple-time-around (MTA) processing,
average ambient brightness, target size \geq laser footprint, roll angle $\pm 5^\circ$



Example: VUX-160²³ at 1,800,000 pulses/sec, laser power level 100%
Altitude = 550 ft AGL, Speed 30 kn, resulting point density ~ 243 pts/m²



Operating Flight Altitude AGL given for the following conditions:
FOV 100°, ambiguity resolved by multiple-time-around (MTA) processing,
average ambient brightness, target size \geq laser footprint, roll angle $\pm 5^\circ$



Example: VUX-160²³ at 2,400,000 pulses/sec, laser power level 100%
Altitude = 500 ft AGL, Speed 30 kn, resulting point density ~ 356 pts/m²

Laser Product Classification

Class 1 Laser Product according to IEC60825-1:2014
The following clause applies for instruments delivered into the United States: Complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for conformance with IEC 60825-1 Ed.3., as described in Laser Notice No. 56, dated May 8, 2019.

**CLASS 1
LASER PRODUCT**

Range Measurement Performance

Measuring Principle

time of flight measurement, echo signal digitization, multiple target capability, online waveform processing, multiple-time-around-processing

Laser Pulse Repetition Rate PRR ¹⁾	300 kHz	600 kHz	1200 kHz	1800 kHz	2400 kHz
Max. Measuring Range ^{2) 3)}					
natural targets $\rho \geq 20\%$	980 m	720 m	520 m	420 m	370 m
natural targets $\rho \geq 60\%$	1600 m	1180 m	860 m	720 m	620 m
natural targets $\rho \geq 80\%$	1800 m	1340 m	980 m	820 m	720 m
Max. Operating Flight Altitude AGL ^{2) 4)}					
@ $\rho \geq 20\%$	560 m (1800 ft)	400 m (1350 ft)	290 m (950 ft)	240 m (800 ft)	210 m (700 ft)
@ $\rho \geq 60\%$	900 m (2950 ft)	670 m (2200 ft)	490 m (1600 ft)	400 m (1350 ft)	350 m (1150 ft)
Max. Number of Targets per Pulse ⁵⁾	32	24	11	7	5

1) Rounded average PRR.

2) Typical values for average conditions and average ambient brightness. In bright sunlight, the max. range is shorter than under an overcast sky.

3) The maximum range is specified for flat targets with size in excess of the laser beam diameter, perpendicular angle of incidence, and for atmospheric visibility of 23 km. Range ambiguities have to be resolved by multiple-time-around processing.

4) Considering max. effective FOV 100°, additional roll angle $\pm 5^\circ$.

5) If the laser beam hits, in part, more than one target, the laser's pulse power is split accordingly. Thus the achievable range is reduced.

Minimum Range

Accuracy ^{6) 8)}

Precision ^{7) 8)}

Laser Pulse Repetition Rate ^{1) 9)}

Max. Effective Measurement Rate ¹⁾

Echo Signal Intensity

Laser Wavelength

Laser Beam Divergence

Laser Beam Footprint (Gaussian Beam Definition)

5 m

10 mm

5 mm

up to 2400 kHz

up to 2,000,000 meas./sec. (@ 2400 kHz PRR & 100° scan angle)

for each echo signal, high-resolution 16 bit intensity information is provided

near infrared

0.4 mrad ¹⁰⁾

40 mm @ 100 m, 200 mm @ 500 m, 400 mm @ 1000 m

6) Accuracy is the degree of conformity of a measured quantity to its actual (true) value.

7) Precision, also called reproducibility or repeatability, is the degree to which further measurements show the same result.

8) One sigma @ 150 m range under RIEGL test conditions.

9) User selectable.

10) Measured at the 1/e² points. 0.4 mrad corresponds to an increase of 40 mm of beam diameter per 100 m distance.

Scanner Performance

Scanning Mechanism

Scan Pattern

Field of View (selectable)

Scan Speed (selectable)

Angular Step Width $\Delta \theta$ (selectable)

between consecutive laser shots

Angle Measurement Resolution

Scan Sync (optional)

rotating polygon mirror

parallel scan lines, angular directions -10°, 0°, +10° transvers to the scan direction for forward and backward view

$\pm 50^\circ = 100^\circ$

50 - 400 lines/sec

$0.0025^\circ \leq \Delta \theta \leq 0.16^\circ$ ^{11) 12)}

0.001°

scanner rotation synchronization

Data Interfaces

Configuration, Scan Data Output &

Communication with External Devices

GNSS Interface

General IO & Control

Camera Interface

IMU Interface (optional)¹⁴⁾

LAN 10/100/1000 MBit/sec

Serial RS-232 interface, TTL input for 1pps synchronisation pulse, accepts different data formats for GNSS-time information

2 x TTL input/output ¹³⁾, 1 x Remote on/off

trigger, exposure ¹³⁾, power (max. 2.0 A), 5 x GNSS RS-232 Tx & PPS

IMU data, power

General Technical Data

Power Supply Input Voltage / Consumption ¹⁵⁾

Main Dimensions (L x W x H)

Weight

Humidity

Protection Class

Max. Flight Altitude (operating & not operating)

Temperature Range

18 - 34 V DC / typ. 60 W

282 mm x 117 mm x 134 mm

2.65 kg (without integrated Applanix AP+board)

max. 80 % non condensing @ 31°C

IP64, dust and splash-proof

18 500 ft (5 600 m) above MSL (Mean Sea Level)

-10°C up to +40°C (operation) / -20°C up to +50°C (storage)

Data Storage

Internal Data Storage

Memory Card Slot

Solid State Disc SSD, 1 TByte

for CFAST® ¹⁶⁾ industrial memory card 240 GByte (can be upgraded to 480 GByte)

11) The angular step width depends on the selected laser PRR.

12) The maximum angular step width is limited by the max. scan rate.

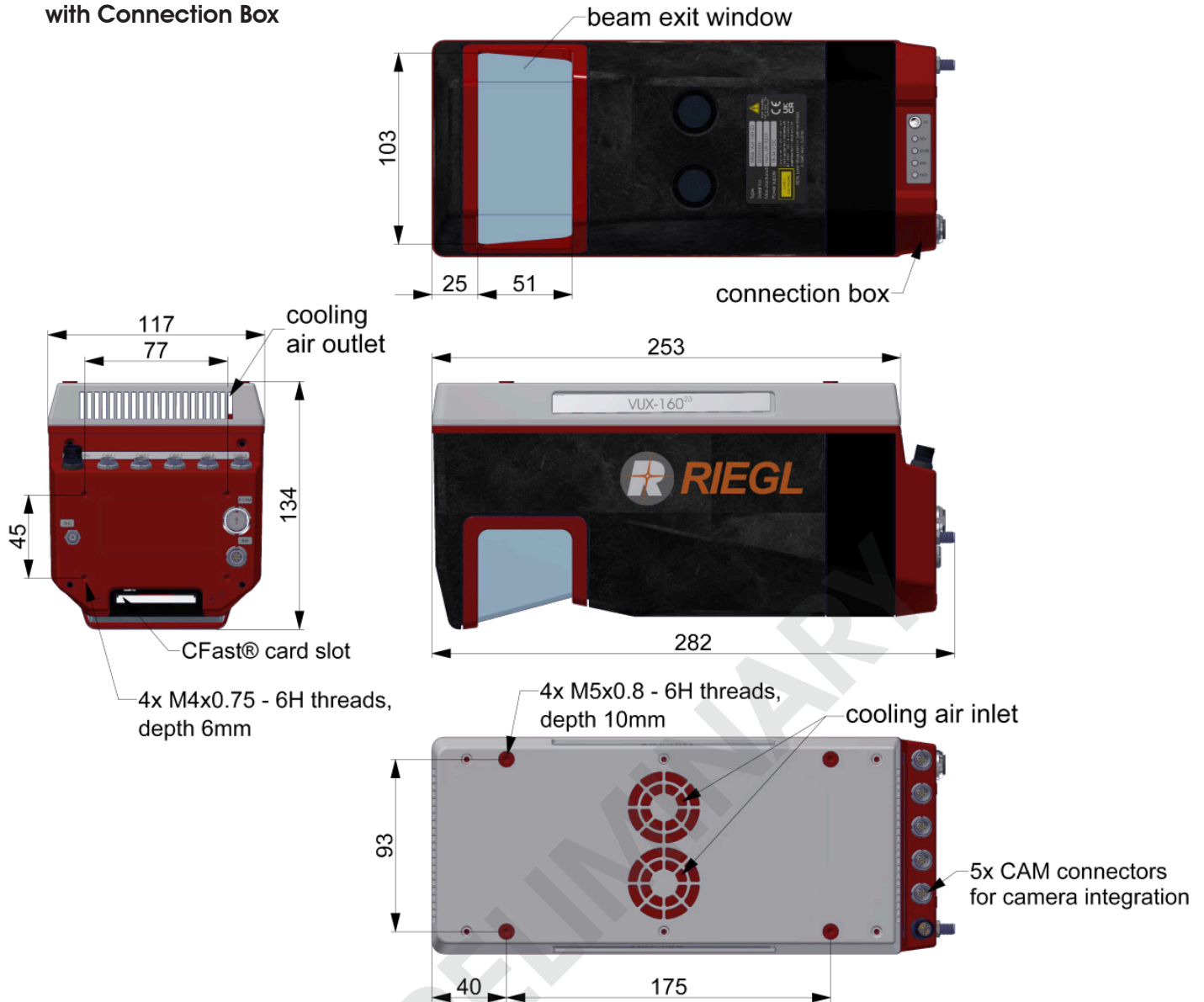
13) 1x externally available with standard interface box

14) applies only with INS/GNSS system

15) Separate input power connector for external cameras.

16) CFAST® is a registered trademark of CompactFlash Association.

RIEGL VUX-160²³ UAV LiDAR Sensor with Connection Box



all dimensions in mm

RIEGL VUX-160²³-SYS System Integration

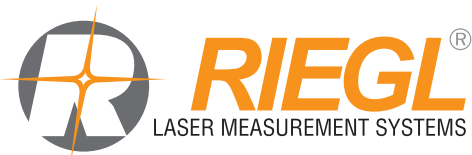
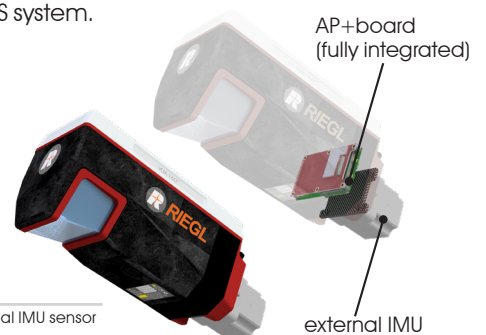
The RIEGL VUX-160²³ can be optionally complemented with an appropriate IMU/GNSS system.

External IMU & GNSS (optional)

	Applanix AP+50 ¹⁾	Applanix AP+30 ¹⁾
IMU Accuracy ²⁾		
Roll, Pitch	0.005°	0.010°
Heading	0.015°	0.025°
IMU Sampling Rate	200 Hz	200 Hz
Position Accuracy (typ.)	0.02 - 0.05 m	0.02 - 0.05 m
System Total Weight (approx.) ³⁾	3.15 kg	3.15 kg

1) See technical details at the according Applanix datasheet
2) Accuracy specifications for post-processed data

3) Single scanner with AP+board and with external IMU sensor



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